

Ethnic Conflict And Its Resolution

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What is ETHNIC CONFLICT? What does ETHNIC CONFLICT mean? ETHNIC CONFLICT meaning \u0026 explanationEthnic Conflict Ethnic Conflict, Ethnic Violence, and Lessons from History Ethnic Conflict Mini-Lesson Ethnic Cleansing of Bosnian Muslims —explained MSc Nationalism and Ethnic Conflict The Causes and Resolutions of National and Ethnic Conflicts: A Global Review Northern Ireland: An Ethnic Conflict Political Violence, Ethnic Conflict and Contemporary Wars in Africa (The Weekly Youth Dialogue) EP5 Exploring Inter-group trust in Indigenous ethnic conflict: What this means in 21st Century Workplace Stefan Wolff: The path to ending ethnic conflicts Ethnicity and conflict: an empirical study Conflict Management Funny How the Israeli-Palestinian Conflict Began | History Conflict in Literature The Problem With the USA's Borders Finding Confidence in Conflict | Kwame Christian | TEDxDayton How miscommunication happens (and how to avoid it) - Katherine HampstenWhat Causes Conflict? [archived] Debraj Ray: Ethnicity and Conflict Lisa Anderson, \Nationalism and Ethnic Conflict\ The Breakup of Yugoslavia The Causes and Resolutions of National and Ethnic Conflicts 3 ways to resolve a conflict | Dorothy Walker | TED Institute 14 Effective Conflict Resolution Techniques Ethnic Conflict and Reform in Myanmar (Dispatch) Ethnic Conflict: Rwanda Ethnic Conflict And Its Resolution Chapter 2 The Ethnic ... and its use as... Since 1945, some 20 million people have been killed in wars, revolutions, liberation struggles, and insurrections. Perhaps as many as an additional 20 ...

Ethnic Conflict and International Security

¹ Its history is complicated and features numerous third-party interventions by ethnic brethren, superpowers ... for understanding third-party interventions and efforts toward conflict resolution. In ...

WHO INTERVENES?: ETHNIC CONFLICT AND INTERSTATE CRISIS

Forces in Ethiopia's Tigray pushed deeper into land claimed by neighbouring Amhara region on Tuesday, prompting its leaders - allies of the central government - to urge local militia to arm themselves ...

Ethiopia: Tigray forces push south as Amhara militias mobilise

The resolution ... conflict between Israel and the terrorist group Hamas. In this context, it is important to note that rhetoric that demonizes Israel, holds it to a double standard, or rejects ...

LAUSD School Board Unanimously Passes Resolution Condemning Antisemitism

Kosovo's parliament has adopted a resolution condemning the 1995 massacre of thousands of Bosnian Muslim men and boys in Srebrenica by Bosnian Serb forces, which has been declared a genocide by a UN ...

Kosovo Adopts Resolution Condemning 1995 Srebrenica Massacre

From their varying perspectives, a devastating picture emerges of the West's initial failure to examine the divergent motivations of the conflict's main players ... They show that although the region ...

Islam and Bosnia: Conflict Resolution and Foreign Policy in Multi-Ethnic States

It's not just about land, but it's about having the right to self-determination," said Dr. Serpil Atamaz, history professor at Sacramento State.

The complex history of the Israel-Palestine conflict

29), is easily fixed and as he says is rarely the cause of conflict; he favors " socially constructed and politically motivated ethnic ... culture the way its members understand it. This approach has ...

Culture and Conflict Resolution (Book Review)

Myanmar's junta rejected on Wednesday a UN Human Rights Council resolution calling for reconciliation with the persecuted Rohingya minority, slamming "one-sided allegations" over its treatment of the ...

Myanmar junta slams UN on Rohingya resolution

The San Francisco Labor Council, a local AFL-CIO body representing more than 100,000 people, is considering a resolution that endorses the BDS movement against what it deems " apartheid in Israel " and ...

More S.F. labor unions considering BDS resolution against Israel

Erin Sikorsky is deputy director of the Center for Climate and Security, and the director of the International Military Council on Climate and Security. Previously, she served as the deputy director ...

The US Drought and its Connection to National Security

But it faces the challenge of integrating its Tamil minority. Sri Lanka has been mired in ethnic conflict ... s Program on Intrastate Conflict and Conflict Resolution. However, he cautions the ...

The Sri Lankan Conflict

English News and Press Release on Syrian Arab Republic and 2 other countries about Protection and Human Rights; published on 07 Jul 2021 by GCR2P ...

Atrocity Alert No. 260: Syria, Central African Republic and South Sudan

For the last few years, he has been monitoring and documenting human rights violations and the ongoing ethnic ... that 14 of its members who abstained from voting opposed the resolution.

Wages of conflict

Algemeiner editor-in-chief Dovid Efuno appears on i24 News. Photo: Screenshot A resolution condemning Israel passed by Yale University ' s undergraduate student ...

Yale Student Council Resolution on Israel Leaves Jewish Students ' Isolated, ' Says Algemeiner Editor-in-Chief

Rev. Dr. Adu-Gyamfi said the NPC ' s mandate was to facilitate and develop mechanisms for conflict prevention, management, and resolution ... ethnic group which is discriminated against or excluded ...

National Peace Council to address discrimination claims in Volta and Oti Regions

The EU parliament ' s resolution to withdraw its GSP-Plus import duty concession to Sri Lanka ... UNHRC resolution that preceded it is the issue of the long unresolved ethnic conflict. President ...

Real victory President and PM can aim for

No sooner than Israel had initiated its campaign to suppress ... since the current Gaza conflict. Critics claim that the prospective evictions are tantamount to the ethnic cleansing of Jerusalem ...

California Public School Teachers for Hamas

Instead he has led the country through a self-destructive ethnic ... prevent new conflict. " But Kiir has failed to build state institutions that could guide the nation through its first major ...

A definitive global survey of the interaction of ethnicity, nationalism and politics, this handbook blends rigorous theoretically grounded analysis with empirically rich illustrations to provide a state-of-the-art overview of the contemporary debates on one of the most pervasive international security challenges today. Fully updated for the second edition, the book includes a new section which offers detailed analyses of contemporary cases of conflict such as in Ukraine, Kosovo, the African Great Lakes region and in the Kurdish areas across the Middle East, thus providing accessible examples that bridge the gap between theory and practice. The contributors offer a 360-degree perspective on ethnic conflict: from the theoretical foundations of nationalism and ethnicity to the causes and consequences of ethnic conflict, and to the various strategies adopted in response to it. Without privileging any specific explanation of why ethnic conflict happens at a particular place and time or why attempts at preventing or settling it might fail or succeed, The Routledge Handbook of Ethnic Conflict enables readers to gain a better insight into such defining moments in post-Cold War international history as the disintegration of the Soviet Union and Yugoslavia, and their respective consequences, the genocide in Rwanda, and the relative success of conflict settlement efforts in Northern Ireland. By contributing to understanding the varied and multiple causes of ethnic conflicts and to learning from the successes and failures of their prevention and settlement, the Handbook makes a powerful case that ethnic conflicts are neither unavoidable nor unresolvable, but rather that they require careful analysis and thoughtful and measured responses.

This book offers an intellectual history of an emerging technology of peace and explains how the liberal state has come to endorse illiberal subjects and practices. The idea that conflicts are problems that have causes and therefore solutions rather than winners and losers has gained momentum since the end of the Cold War, and it has become more common for third party mediators acting in the name of liberal internationalism to promote the resolution of intra-state conflicts. These third-party peace makers appear to share lessons and expertise so that it is possible to speak of an emergent common technology of peace based around a controversial form of power-sharing known as consociation. In this common technology of peace, the cause of conflict is understood to be competing ethno-national identities and the solution is to recognize these identities, and make them useful to government through power-sharing. Drawing on an analysis of the peace process in Ireland and the Dayton Accords in Bosnia Herzegovina, the book argues that the problem with consociational arrangements is not simply that they institutionalise ethnic division and privilege particular identities or groups, but, more importantly, that they close down the space for other ways of being. By specifying identity categories, consociational regimes create a residual, sink category, designated 'other'. These 'others' not only offer a challenge to prevailing ideas about identity but also stand in reproach to conventional wisdom regarding the management of conflict. This book will be of much interest to students of conflict resolution, ethnic conflict, identity, and war and conflict studies in general. Andrew Finlay is Lecturer in Sociology at Trinity College Dublin.

Discusses ethnicity in Africa in terms of history and the management, resolution, and prevention of conflicts. Groups some 700 ethnic groups that exist in Africa into six main categories, looks at how ethnicity was used to organize and protect chiefdoms and empires in the past, and inquires into why ethnicity has become more destructive in contemporary Africa. Investigates these questions using the imperial, the liberal, and Marxist models, and finds the liberal model to be the most applicable. Annotation copyrighted by Book News, Inc., Portland, OR

Throughout the world there are efforts both large and small to address ethnic conflicts-identity based disputes between groups who are unable to live side-by-side in the same state. This book brings together a collection of case studies on interventions in ethnic conflicts throughout the world in which the nature of the state is a core concern (Turkey, Russia, Macedonia, Guatemala, Israel, Cyprus, Northern Ireland, South Africa, US) and asks how the projects themselves understand success and failure in ethnic conflict resolution. It emphasises the complexity and importance of better understanding ways in which small-scale interventions can sometimes have a large impact on large-scale ethnic conflict, and how the goals of the intervenors shift as the participants redefine the identities and interest at stake.

Although group conflict is hardly new, the last decade has seen a proliferation of conflicts engaging intrastate ethnic groups. It is estimated that two-thirds of violent conflicts being fought each year in every part of the globe including North America are ethnic conflicts. Unlike traditional warfare, civilians comprise more than 80 percent of the casualties, and the economic and psychological impact on survivors is often so devastating that some experts believe that ethnic conflict is the most destabilizing force in the post-Cold War world. Although these conflicts also have political, economic, and other causes, the purpose of this volume is to develop a psychological understanding of ethnic warfare. More specifically, Handbook of Ethnopolitical Conflict explores the function of ethnic, religious, and national identities in intergroup conflict. In addition, it features recommendations for policy makers with the intention to reduce or ameliorate the occurrences and consequences of these conflicts worldwide.

The end of the Cold War has changed the shape of organized violence in the world and the ways in which governments and others try to set its limits. Even the concept of international conflict is broadening to include ethnic conflicts and other kinds of violence within national borders that may affect international peace and security. What is not yet clear is whether or how these changes alter the way actors on the world scene should deal with conflict: Do the old methods still work? Are there new tools that could work better? How do old and new methods relate to each other? International Conflict Resolution After the Cold War critically examines evidence on the effectiveness of a dozen approaches to managing or resolving conflict in the world to develop insights for conflict resolution practitioners. It considers recent applications of familiar conflict management strategies, such as the use of threats of force, economic sanctions, and negotiation. It presents the first systematic assessments of the usefulness of some less familiar approaches to conflict resolution, including truth commissions, "engineered" electoral systems, autonomy arrangements, and regional organizations. It also opens up analysis of emerging issues, such as the dilemmas facing humanitarian organizations in complex emergencies. This book offers numerous practical insights and raises key questions for research on conflict resolution in a transforming world system.

"The study of ethnic conflict saw its heyday in the aftermath of the Cold War with a proliferation of theories about its causes and management. But its origins as a subject of academic inquiry are much earlier, with some of the earliest works of significance emerging as far back as the end of the First World War. This new four-volume collection is an authoritative reference work that makes sense of the different approaches to the study of ethnic conflict, and offers a comprehensive and representative overview, combining foundational texts with the very best cutting-edge contemporary scholarship"--